### BEFORE THE UNITED STATES JUDICIAL PANEL ON MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

IN RE: FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY, ET AL., PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENTS THIRD AMENDMENT LITIGATION

MDL Docket No. 2713

## FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY'S SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE RESPONSE OF INTERESTED PARTY TIMOTHY J. PAGLIARA

Interested Party Timothy J. Pagliara, has argued in his Response to FHFA's Motion to Transfer that no MDL should be created, but if one is, the two cases he has filed should be excluded from it. His arguments lack merit. For the reasons stated in FHFA's Memorandum in Support of its Motion to Transfer, transfer here is appropriate, and Mr. Pagliara's actions—which expressly allege wrongdoing in connection with the Third Amendment and on that basis demand access to Fannie Mae's and Freddie Mac's corporate books and records—meet all the requirements for inclusion in that MDL.

Mr. Pagliara has an economic interest in *Perry Capital* and the Related Cases,<sup>1</sup> and he freely acknowledges that he is attempting to use his collateral books-and-records actions as discovery vehicles to acquire additional evidentiary materials that he—and other plaintiffs—

The four Related Cases, identified in FHFA's Initial Motion to Transfer (ECF No. 1-1, at 4), are *Saxton v. FHFA*, No. 1:15-cv-0047 (N.D. Iowa); *Jacobs v. FHFA*, No. 1:15-cv-00708 (D. Del.); *Robinson v. FHFA*, No. 7:15-cv-00109 (E.D. Ky.); and *Roberts v. FHFA*, No. 1:16-cv-02107 (N.D. Ill.). In addition to Mr. Pagliara's books-and-records cases, FHFA also noticed for transfer two related actions (the "Auditor Cases") pending in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida: *Edwards v. Deloitte & Touche LLP*, No. 1:16-cv-21221 (S.D. Fla.) and *Edwards v. PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP*, No. 1:16-cv-21224 (S.D. Fla.). *See* Not. of Related Actions (Apr. 7, 2016) (ECF No. 22), *see also* FHFA Br. at 3 n.1, 6 n.4. The district courts have stayed all eight actions pending the Panel's decision on FHFA's motion to transfer.

intend to use in prosecuting their pending and yet-to-be filed legal challenges to the Third Amendment. The Panel has held that collateral actions, like Mr. Pagliara's books-and-records actions, seeking evidence to support claims at issue in a proposed or already-established MDL proceeding are properly subject to transfer and coordination under Section 1407. As in those earlier Panel decisions, consolidating Mr. Pagliara's two books-and-records actions with the proposed MDL proceeding will conserve judicial resources and ensure consistent rulings on the myriad factual questions and legal issues presented by the already pending and yet-to-be filed Third Amendment litigations. Accordingly, this Court should include Mr. Pagliara's books-and-records actions in the proposed MDL proceeding.

## A. The Purpose of Mr. Pagliara's Complaints Are to Gather Documents in Support of a Challenge to the Third Amendment

Mr. Pagliara is intimately familiar with, and has an economic interest in, the Related Cases and *Perry Capital LLC v. Lew*. He is the founder of Investors Unite, an association of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac shareholders that is actively involved in the Related Cases. For example, Investors Unite has submitted multiple amicus briefs to the D.C. Circuit in the pending *Perry Capital* appeal.<sup>2</sup> *See* No. 14-5243 (D.C. Cir.) (Doc. Nos. 1561142 & 1610084) (amicus briefs filed July 6, 2015 and April 22, 2016).

The U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia dismissed the *Perry Capital* complaint and refused to authorize plaintiffs' attempts to obtain discovery in that case.<sup>3</sup>

Undeterred, Mr. Pagliara now seeks to bifurcate his challenge to the Third Amendment into two

2

Investors Unite's website states that "Our Mission" is "to educate and mobilize in an effort to regain our investments in the GSEs that are currently being illegally confiscated by the Federal Treasury." *See* Investors Unite, http://investorsunite.org/ ("Our Mission" at the bottom of the page).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Perry Capital LLC v. Lew, 70 F. Supp. 3d 208, 240 (D.D.C. 2014); see also Order, Perry Capital LLC, No. 13-1288 (RCL) (Sept. 30, 2014) (ECF No. 53) (denying, inter alia, motions for supplementation of the administrative record and limited discovery).

phases: (1) the instant books-and-records phase through which he is attempting to conduct full-blown discovery without first confronting and surviving the same jurisdictional defenses pending in the Related Cases and that have already defeated the *Perry Capital* and *Continental Western* plaintiffs, and (2) a claim-prosecution phase in which he would use the discovery he hopes to obtain in the books-and-records cases to prosecute his substantive claims on the merits.

In his public statements, Mr. Pagliara has described these actions as part of his effort to "pursue all avenues to demonstrate that the Net Worth Sweep violates both federal law and . . . state law." *See* Press Release, Investors Unite, Tim Pagliara Files Suit to Inspect Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac Corporate Records (Mar. 14, 2016) (reprinted on PR Newswire), *available at* http://goo.gl/dy18Nx. There is little doubt that other plaintiffs pursuing Third Amendment cases, including plaintiffs in the Related Cases, will attempt to use information gained from this proceeding in other cases.

Indeed, Mr. Pagliara's complaints make clear that his purpose in bringing these booksand-records actions is to open another front in the ongoing litigation to vacate and set aside the Third Amendment. In seeking to show that his inspection demands serve a "proper purpose," Mr. Pagliara includes no fewer than 25 pages in his Virginia Complaint and 31 pages in his

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Cont'l W. Ins. Co. v. FHFA, 83 F. Supp. 3d 828, 840 & n.6 (S.D. Iowa 2015).

That this is well known to be Mr. Pagliara's litigation strategy is evidenced by other Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac shareholders monitoring the Third Amendment litigations, one of whom has described Mr. Pagliara's suit as follows: "Tim Pagliara . . . who is also involved in FHFA/Treasury litigation will be able to match what is uncovered in this [books-and-records] litigation to what has been disclosed in the other [Third Amendment] litigation and find the omissions (and we KNOW there will be some). That will give plaintiffs in those [Third Amendment] cases amo [sic] in front of a judge for more disclosure there (probably the reason for the expedited hearing request [in the Delaware books-and-records action])." Todd Sullivan, GSE Reform: Tim Pagliara Files Suit in Delaware, ValueWalk (Mar. 14, 2016), available at http://goo.gl/pmPL1D.

Plaintiffs in the Related Cases have sought and received access to discovery in *Fairholme Funds, Inc. v. United States*, a takings case pending in the U.S. Court of Federal Claims. No. 1:13-cv-00465 (C.F.C., filed June 9, 2013).

Delaware Complaint detailing an array of alleged facts that purportedly show that the Third Amendment was unreasonable and unlawful. *See* Va. Compl. ¶¶ 5-17, 43-114; Del. Compl. ¶¶ 5-14, 103-45, 167-203. These allegations largely mirror those in the Related Cases.

Yet in his brief to this Panel, Mr. Pagliara highlights the legal standards that typically apply to shareholder-actions to inspect books and records in a transparent attempt to obscure the plain fact that the ultimate relief sought by Mr. Pagliara is identical to that sought by plaintiffs in the Related Cases: nullification of the Third Amendment. *See* Opp. at 5-9. Mr. Pagliara's recitation of boilerplate legal standards does not change the fact that he makes the same factual allegations as plaintiffs in the Related Cases. *See In re Bank of N.Y. Mellon Corp. Foreign Exch. Transactions Litig.*, 857 F. Supp. 2d 1371, 1372 (J.P.M.L. 2012) ("[T]he presence of different legal theories among the subject actions is not a bar to centralization.").

Mr. Pagliara is also wrong in asserting that there are no common factual questions between the Virginia and Delaware actions. *See* Opp. at 8 n.6. Mr. Pagliara seeks to inspect documents from Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac that relate to virtually identical issues. It is inevitable that there will be overlapping factual disputes about the relevance of various categories of documents to the parallel Third Amendment investigations Mr. Pagliara claims to be pursuing. For example, the courts addressing Mr. Pagliara's suits will each have to decide the factual question of whether Mr. Pagliara is entitled to inspect "[a]ll FHFA and/or Treasury directives to the Company," regardless of whether those directives have *anything* to do with the Third Amendment. *See* Va. Compl., Ex. A at 3; Del. Compl., Ex. at 3 (same) (emphasis added). Should the resolution of that factual question be necessary, it should be left to a transferee court, which could ensure that the scope of Mr. Pagliara's investigations are consistent for each Enterprise. That would also avoid the possibility that the two courts in which Mr. Pagliara is prosecuting these essentially identical actions could reach different conclusions on particular issues.

Mr. Pagliara's books-and-records complaints also present the same threshold legal issues under HERA as the Related Cases.

Moreover, the materials sought in these books-and-records actions will overlap significantly with discovery in the Auditor Cases. Those cases allege, inter alia, that the Enterprises' auditors, Deloitte & Touche and PricewaterhouseCoopers, aided and abetted the Conservator's alleged breach of its purported fiduciary duties. *See* FHFA Not. of Related Actions (ECF No. 22) Exs. 5 & 6 (attaching Auditor Cases complaints). Should the Auditor Cases survive motions to dismiss, discovery is likely to be extensive, and much of it will overlap with the books and records Mr. Pagliara is attempting to access.

## B. Mr. Pagliara's Actions Should Be Included in the Proposed MDL Proceeding Because They Are Collateral to the Other Actions Proposed for Transfer

Mr. Pagliara argues that his books-and-records actions should not be included in the MDL because they purportedly are limited to the gathering of evidence relating to the Third Amendment in support of his intended substantive challenge to the Third Amendment. *See, e.g.*, Response at 5-10. That position finds no support in the Panel's jurisprudence. To the contrary, the Panel has held that collateral actions *can and should* be transferred where—as here—their purpose concerns gathering facts to support the claims or defenses at issue in the other cases proposed for transfer.

While FHFA is not aware of any instance where the Panel has considered a request to transfer a books-and-records case for inclusion as part of an MDL proceeding, it has considered—and transferred—other collateral evidence-gathering actions related to subpoenas. For example, in *In re: Online DVD Rental Antitrust Litig.*, 744 F. Supp. 2d 1378 (J.P.M.L. 2010), the Panel considered a stand-alone proceeding to quash a subpoena that had been served in connection with an MDL proceeding. As here, the collateral proceeding was initiated for the express purpose of discovering and gaining access to evidentiary materials for use in litigating a substantive issue—the merits of which would not be resolved in the collateral proceeding—in other actions that the Panel had already consolidated. The Panel transferred the collateral discovery proceeding on the ground that the subpoenaed party was "an important thirdparty with information central to the issues in [the] MDL," and the discovery sought "involve[d] questions of fact relating to the conspiracy alleged in [the] MDL." *Id.* at 1378. The same factors warrant the same outcome here: by plaintiff's own admission, his collateral books-and-records proceedings are expressly aimed at obtaining documents for the purpose of litigating a promisedto-be filed substantive challenge to the Third Amendment.

The Panel's unreported decision *In re Fosamax Products Liability Litigation*, MDL No. 1789, stands for the same principle. There, the Panel transferred into an MDL a collateral action brought to quash a subpoena, observing that the subpoena action "involves factual questions common to the actions in [the MDL], and the expertise and familiarity of the transferee judge with the factual and legal issues in the Fosamax litigation favor having him decide the motion to quash." Transfer Order, *In re Fosamax Prods. Liab. Litig.*, MDL No. 1789 (J.P.M.L. June 9, 2009) (attached as Ex. 1). Transfer here is appropriate for the same reason: resolution of Mr. Pagliara's massive books-and-records demands involve questions of fact and law that are common to the Related Cases as well as the Auditor Cases, and will require resolution in connection with discovery demands advanced in those cases.

## C. Consolidating the Books-and-Records Cases with the Related Cases Promotes Judicial Economy

Mr. Pagliara does not dispute that his complaints present the same dispositive issues as each of Third Amendment cases proposed for transfer: specifically, whether FHFA, in its capacity as Conservator has succeeded to the rights and claims of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac shareholders while the Enterprises are in conservatorship. Mr. Pagliara purports to assert shareholder-rights to inspect the Enterprises' books and records for the supposedly "proper purpose" of filing another judicial challenge to the same conduct that plaintiffs in the other Third Amendment cases have already challenged. However, HERA's succession provision, 12 U.S.C. § 4617(b)(2)(A), vests "all" shareholder rights in the Conservator for the full duration of the conservatorships. Therefore, neither Mr. Pagliara nor any of the other Third Amendment plaintiffs may assert any rights as shareholders while the Enterprises are in conservatorship. Transfer and consolidation would allow the transferee court to decide this threshold, crosscutting, and potentially dispositive issue, conserving judicial resources and eliminating the risk

of inconsistent decisions regarding the scope and effect of the Conservator's statutory succession. *See In re Diet Drugs (Phentermine, Fenfluramine, Dexfenfluramine) Prods. Liab. Litig.*, 990 F. Supp. 834, 836 (J.P.M.L. 1997) (one purpose of MDL consolidation is to "prevent inconsistent or repetitive pretrial rulings").

Similarly, Mr. Pagliara's books-and-records cases also will require courts to interpret and apply 12 U.S.C. § 4617(f), which provides that "no court may take any action to restrain or affect the exercise of powers or functions of the Agency as a conservator . . . . " Mr. Pagliara's inspection requests embrace almost the entire universe of communications between FHFA and the Enterprises. See Va. Compl. Ex. A at 3 (seeking inspection of all documents that constitute FHFA "directives and/or instructions to [Freddie Mac]"); Del. Compl. Ex. A at 3 (similar). Granting that broad relief would allow Mr. Pagliara to engage in a sweeping investigation of the Conservator's management and operation of the Enterprises that would "interfere with and potentially usurp precisely the powers granted to the FHFA by HERA." See Gail C. Sweeney Estate Marital Trust v. U.S. Treasury, 68 F. Supp. 3d 116, 126 (D.D.C. 2014). Whether Section 4617(f) deprives the courts of jurisdiction to grant that relief, and FHFA maintains that it does, is a dispositive issue that is also presented in the Related Cases. Again, transferring these cases and allowing the transferee court to decide the Section 4617(f) issue would promote judicial economy and avoid inconsistent jurisdictional rulings. See In re Fed. Election Campaign Act Litig., 511 F. Supp. 821, 824 (J.P.M.L. 1979); see also In re Ivy, 901 F.2d 7, 9 (2d Cir. 1990) (noting "real economies in transferring" common jurisdictional issues).

The fact that Delaware and Virginia books-and-records statutes generally provide for expedited proceedings is irrelevant to whether these cases should be included in the proposed MDL. *See* Opp. at 10-13. Any modest delay associated with this transfer motion will not be

material, especially in light of Mr. Pagliara's own delay in bringing his actions; he has waited more than three and-a-half years to file suits seeking to gather documents to aid in a potential future challenge to the Third Amendment, which was executed in August 2012.

Mr. Pagliara's contention that these cases are further developed than the Related Cases is not accurate. *See* Opp. at 12-13. The books-and-records cases, like the Related Cases, will require dispositive motions practice and briefing on the scope of the Conservator's succession and Section 4617(f). Those issues are already fully briefed in some of the Related Cases.

## D. FHFA's Briefing in a Separate Proceeding in 2012 Does Not Counsel Against Transfer of Mr. Pagliara's Complaints to the MDL

Mr. Pagliara's reliance on FHFA's opposition to an MDL in the unrelated *Transfer Tax* cases (Response at 5, 10) is misplaced because those cases presented an entirely different situation. *First*, the *Transfer Tax* cases involved no disputed facts. All parties agreed on what had happened—Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac had not paid transfer taxes that various state and local entities claimed they were required to pay. Here, by contrast, the parties vigorously dispute what happened and why. As explained herein and in the Motion to Transfer, the cases FHFA now proposes for MDL consolidation present significant factual disputes that will need to be resolved if FHFA does not prevail on threshold legal issues.

Second, the danger posed by inconsistent rulings is significantly greater here than in the Transfer Tax cases, which involved different taxes imposed by different states and localities. If FHFA and the Enterprises lost a case in one jurisdiction and won in another, both decisions could stand, since the Enterprises could pay one jurisdiction's tax without paying another's. But conflicting Third Amendment decisions cannot be similarly reconciled because each PSPA is a single contract that cannot be valid in one jurisdiction but invalid in another. Absent transfer, shareholders will have virtually unlimited opportunities to litigate and re-litigate the same issues

repeatedly, as the Related Cases amply demonstrate. Thus, the risk of inconsistent rulings provides a far more compelling justification for transfer here than it did in the *Transfer Tax* cases.

#### **CONCLUSION**

The creation of the proposed MDL and the inclusion of Mr. Pagliara's actions in the MDL will be just, fair, efficient, and wise.

Dated: May 4, 2016 Respectfully submitted,

### /s/ Michael A.F. Johnson

Michael A.F. Johnson (D.C. Bar # 460879)
Howard N. Cayne (D.C. Bar # 331306)
Asim Varma (D.C. Bar # 426364)
David B. Bergman (D.C. Bar # 435392)
ARNOLD & PORTER LLP
601 Massachusetts Ave., NW
Washington, DC 20001
Telephone: (202) 942-5000
Facsimile: (202) 942-5999
Michael.Johnson@aporter.com
Howard.Cayne@aporter.com
David.Bergman@aporter.com

Attorneys for the Federal Housing Finance Agency, Conservator for Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae

# Exhibit 1

# Exhibit 1

### 

UNITED STATES
JUDICIAL PANEL ON
MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

Jun 09, 2009

FILED CLERK'S OFFICE

## UNITED STATES JUDICIAL PANEL on MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

IN RE: FOSAMAX PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION		
In re Fosamax Products Liability Litigation,	)	
W.D. Washington, C.A. No. 2:09-10	)	MDL No. 1789

#### TRANSFER ORDER

**Before the entire Panel**\*: An individual subpoenaed by the Plaintiffs' Steering Committee in MDL No. 1789 moves pursuant to Rule 7.4, R.P.J.P.M.L., 199 F.R.D. 425, 435-36 (2001), asking the Panel to vacate its order conditionally transferring this action to the Southern District of New York for inclusion in MDL No. 1789. The Plaintiffs' Steering Committee in MDL No. 1789 opposes the motion to vacate.

After considering all argument of counsel, we find that this action involves common questions of fact with the actions in this litigation previously transferred to the Southern District of New York, and that transfer of this action to the Southern District of New York for inclusion in MDL No. 1789 will serve the convenience of the parties and witnesses and promote the just and efficient conduct of the litigation. We further find that transfer of this action is appropriate for reasons that we set out in our original order directing centralization in this docket. In that order, we held that the Southern District of New York was a proper Section 1407 forum for actions involving allegations that ingestion of the prescription drug Fosamax caused adverse effects, in particular, osteonecrosis of the jaw. See In re Fosamax Products Liability Litigation, 444 F.Supp.2d 1347 (J.P.M.L. 2006).

This action, arising from a motion to quash a subpoena, stands out from other civil actions for which the Panel usually considers transfer; however, transfer is still appropriate. The deposition at issue in the motion to quash involves factual questions common to the actions in MDL No. 1789, and the expertise and familiarity of the transferee judge with the factual and legal issues in the Fosamax litigation favor having him decide the motion to quash. Accordingly, transfer will promote the just and efficient conduct of this action and the litigation taken as a whole, and thus is consistent with the purposes of Section 1407.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1407, this action is transferred to the Southern District of New York and, with the consent of that court, assigned to the Honorable John

<sup>\*</sup> Judges Heyburn, Motz and Hansen took no part in the decision of this matter.

- 2 -

F. Keenan for inclusion in the coordinated or consolidated pretrial proceedings occurring there in this docket.

PANEL ON MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

Robert L. Miller, Jr. Acting Chairman

John G. Heyburn II, Chairman\* Kathryn H. Vratil W. Royal Furgeson, Jr. J. Frederick Motz\*
David R. Hansen\*
Frank C. Damrell, Jr.

### BEFORE THE UNITED STATES JUDICIAL PANEL ON MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

IN RE: FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY, ET AL., PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENTS THIRD AMENDMENT LITIGATION

MDL Docket No. 2713

### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on April 14, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing **FEDERAL** 

# HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY'S SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE RESPONSE OF INTERESTED PARTY TIMOTHY J. PAGLIARA through this

Panel's CM/ECF system. Notice of this filing will be served on all parties of record by operation of the ECF System.

/S/ Douglas M. Humphrey
Douglas M. Humphrey

Clerk of the Court, District of Delaware Wilmington, DE

Clerk of the Court, Northern District of Illinois Chicago, IL

Clerk of the Court, Northern District of Iowa Cedar Rapids, IA

Clerk of the Court, Eastern District of Kentucky Pikeville, KY

Clerk of the Court, Southern District of Florida Miami, FL

Clerk of the Court, Eastern District of Virginia Alexandria, VA

## Jacobs v. Federal National Mortgage Association D. Delaware, No. 1:15-cv-00708

Myron T. Steele

Christopher Nicholas Kelly

Michael A. Pittenger

Potter Anderson & Corroon, LLP

Hercules Plaza

1313 N. Market St., 6th Fl.

P.O. Box 951

Wilmington, DE 19899-0951

(302) 964-6030

msteele@potteranderson.com

ckelly@potteranderson.com

mpittenger@potteranderson.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs David Jacobs; Gary

Hindes

Michael Joseph Ciatti Graciela Maria Rodriguez King & Spalding LLP

1700 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Suite 200

Washington, DC 20006

(202) 626-5508

mciatti@kslaw.com

gmrodriguez@kslaw.com

Attorneys for Defendant Federal Home Loan

Mortgage Corporation

Robert J. Stearn, Jr.

Robert C. Maddox

Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A.

920 North King Street

Wilmington, DE 19801

(302) 651-7700

stearn@rlf.com

maddox@rlf.com

Attorneys for Defendants Federal Housing

Finance Agency, Federal National Mortgage

Association, and Federal Home Loan

Mortgage Corporation

Paul D. Clement

D. Zachary Hudson

Bancroft PLLC

500 New Jersey Ave. NW, 7th Floor

Washington, DC 20001

(202) 640-6528

pclement@bancroftpllc.com

zhudson@bancroftpllc.com

Attorneys for Defendant Federal National

Mortgage Association

Deepthy Kishore

Thomas D. Zimpleman

U.S. Department of Justice

Civil Division, Federal Programs Branch

20 Massachusetts Avenue NW

Washington, DC 20530

(202) 514-8095

deepthy.c.kishore@usdoj.gov

thomas.d.zimpleman@usdoj.gov

Attorneys for Defendant U.S. Dept. of the

Treasury

David Evan Ross

Ross Aronstam & Moritz LLP

100 S. West Street, Suite 400

Wilmington, DE 19801

(302) 576-1600

Fax: (302) 576-1100

dross@ramllp.com

Attorneys for Movant Timothy Howard

Roberts v. Federal Housing Finance Agency N.D. Illinois, No. 1:16-CV-02107

Christian D. Ambler AUSA - Chicago Stone & Johnson, Chartered United States Attorney's Office 111 West Washington St., #1800 219 South Dearborn Street Chicago, IL 60602 Chicago, IL 60604 USAILN.ECFAUSA@usdoj.gov (312) 332-5656 cambler@stonejohnsonlaw.com Attorneys for U.S. Department of the Treasury; Attorneys for Plaintiffs Christopher Roberts; Jacob J. Lew Thomas P. Fischer Kristen E. Hudson Chuhak & Tecson, P.C. 30 South Wacker Drive **Suite 2600** Chicago, IL 60606 (312) 855-4315 khudson@chuhak.com Attorney for Defendant Federal Housing Finance Agency Saxton v. Federal Housing Finance Agency N.D. Iowa, No. 1:15-cv-00047 Alexander Michael Johnson Matthew C. McDermott Stephen H. Locher Sean Patrick Moore Brown, Winick, Graves, Gross, Baskerville Belin McCormick, P.C. and Schoenebaum 666 Walnut Street, Suite 2000 666 Grand Avenue, Suite 2000 Des Moines, IA 50309-3989 Des Moines, IA 50309-2510 (515) 283-4643 (515) 242-2400 Fax: (515) 558-0643 Fax: (515) 283-0231 mmcdermott@belinmccormick.com ajohnson@brownwinick.com shlocher@belinmccormick.com

Attorneys for Federal Housing Finance

Agency; Melvin L. Watt

moore@brownwinick.com

Saxton; Bradley Paynter

Attorneys for Plaintiffs Thomas Saxton; Ida

Deepthy Kishore Thomas D. Zimpleman U.S. Department of Justice

Civil Division, Federal Programs Branch

20 Massachusetts Ave. NW Washington, DC 20530 (202) 514-8095

<u>deepthy.c.kishore@usdoj.gov</u> thomas.d.zimpleman@usdoj.gov

Attorneys for Defendant U.S. Dept. of the Treasury

Kendra Lou Mills Arnold

Matthew G. Whitaker
Whitaker, Hagenow & Gustoff LLP

400 East Court Avenue, Suite 346

Des Moines, IA 50309 (515) 868-0215

Fax: (515) 864-0963 karnold@whgllp.com mwhitaker@whgllp.com

Matt M. Dummermuth

Whitaker, Hagenow & Gustoff 305 - 2nd Avenue, SE, Suite 202

Cedar Rapids, IA 52401

(319) 849-8390 Fax: (515) 864-0963

mdummermuth@whgllp.com

Attorneys for Amicus Fairholme Funds, Inc.

Charles Justin Cooper Brian Wesley Barnes David Henry Thompson Peter Andrew Patterson Cooper & Kirk, PLLC

1523 New Hampshire Ave. NW

Washington, DC 20036

(202) 220-9600 Fax: (202) 220-9601 ccooper@cooperkirk.com

bbarnes@cooperkirk.com dthompson@cooperkirk.com

ppatterson@cooperkirk.com

Attorneys for Amicus Fairholme Funds, Inc.

Ryan Gene Koopmans Ryan Wade Leemkuil

Nyemaster, Goode, West, Hansell & O'Brien

700 Walnut Street, Suite 1600

Des Moines, IA 50309

(515) 283-3173

Fax: (515) 283-3108

<u>rkoopmans@nyemaster.com</u> rleemkuil@nyemaster.com

Michael H. Krimminger

Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton, LLP

2000 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW

Washington, DC 20006

(202) 974-1720 Fax: (202) 974-1999

mkrimminger@cgsh.com

Attorneys for Amicus Investors Unite

Robinson v. Federal Housing Finance Agency E.D. Kentucky, No. 7:15-cy-00109

Robert B. Craig

Taft Stettinius & Hollister LLP

1717 Dixie Highway

Suite 910

Covington, KY 41011-4704

(859) 547-4300

Fax: (513) 381-6613

craigr@taftlaw.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff Arnetia Joyce Robinson

T. Scott White

Morgan & Pottinger, P.S.C

133 W. Short Street

Lexington, KY 40507-1395

(859) 226-5288 Fax: (859) 255-2038

tsw@morganandpottinger.com

Attorneys for Federal Housing Finance

Agency; Melvin L. Watt

Deepthy Kishore

Thomas D. Zimpleman

U.S. Department of Justice

Civil Division, Federal Programs Branch

20 Massachusetts Avenue NW

Washington, DC 20530

(202) 514-8095

deepthy.c.kishore@usdoj.gov

thomas.d.zimpleman@usdoj.gov

Attorneys for Defendant U.S. Dept. of the

*Treasury* 

### Pagliara v. Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

E.D. Virginia, No. 1:16-cv-00337

Nathaniel Thomas Connally, III

Hogan Lovells US LLP

Park Place II

7930 Jones Branch Dr., 9th Floor

McLean, VA 22102-3302

(703) 610-6100

Fax: 703-610-6200

tom.connally@hoganlovells.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff Timothy J. Pagliara

Taylor Thomas Lankford

King & Spalding

1700 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Suite 200

Washington, DC 20006-4706

(202) 626-5514 Fax: 202-626-3737

tlankford@kslaw.com

Attorneys for Federal Home Loan Mortgage

Corporation

Pagliara v. Federal National Mortgage Association

D. Delaware, No. 1:16-cv-00193

C. Barr Flinn

Young, Conaway, Stargatt & Taylor LLP

Rodney Square 1000 N. King Street

Wilmington, DE 19801-0391

(302) 571-6600

bflinn@ycst.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff Timothy J. Pagliara

S. Mark Hurd

Zi-Xiang Shen

Morris, Nichols, Arsht & Tunnell LLP

1201 N. Market Street

P.O. Box 1347

Wilmington, DE 19899

(302) 658-9200

SHurd@mnat.com

zshen@mnat.com

Attorneys for Federal National Mortgage

Association

OF COUNSEL:

Mike Walsh

O'Melveny & Myers LLP 1625 Eye Street, N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20006-4001

(202) 383.5280

mwalsh@omm.com

Robert J. Stearn, Jr. (DE Bar No. 2915)

Robert C. Maddox (DE Bar No. 5356)

Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A.

920 North King Street

Wilmington, DE 19801

(302) 651-7700

stearn@rlf.com

maddox@rlf.com

Attorneys for Federal Housing Finance Agency

Edwards v. Deloitte & Touche, LLP

S.D. Florida, No. 1:16-cv-21221

Hector J. Lombana

Gamba & Lombana

2701 Ponce De Leon Blvd., Mezzanine

Coral Gables, FL 33134

(305) 448-4010

hjl@gambalombana.com

Steven William Thomas

Thomas, Alexander, Forrester LLP

14 27th Avenue Venice, CA 90291

(210) 0.61 2526

(310) 961-2536

steventhomas@tafattorneys.com

Matthew Weinshall

Peter Prieto

Podhurst Orseck

25 West Flagler St., Suite 800

Miami, FL 33130

(305) 358-2800

mweinshall@podhurst.com

pprieto@podhurst.com

Attorneys for Defendant Deloitte & Touche

LLP

Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
Edwards v. PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP S.D. Florida, No. 1:16-cv-21224	
Gonzalo Ramon Dorta	Valerie Shea
Dorta Law	Sedgwick LLP
334 Minorca Avenue	2 South Biscayne Blvd., Suite 1500
Coral Gables, FL 33134	Miami, FL 33131
(305) 441-2299	(305) 671-2184
grd@dortalaw.com	Valerie.Shea@sedgwicklaw.com
Hector J. Lombana	Ramon A. Abadin
Gamba & Lombana	Abadin Jaramillo Cook et al
2701 Ponce De Leon Blvd., Mezzanine	9155 S. Dadeland Blvd., Suite 1208
Coral Gables, FL 33134	Miami, FL 33156
(305) 448-4010	(305) 671-2124
hjl@gambalombana.com	ramon.abadin@sedgwicklaw.com
	Attorneys for Defendant
Steven William Thomas	PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP
Thomas, Alexander, Forrester LLP	_
14 27th Avenue	
Venice, CA 90291	
(310) 961-2536	
steventhomas@tafattorneys.com	
Attorneys for Plaintiffs	